

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

SEPTEMBER 30, 2011

NOTICE OF NO AUDITOR REVIEW OF INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Under National Instrument 51-102, Part 4, subsection 4.3(3)(a), if an auditor has not performed a review of the Company's interim financial statements, they must be accompanied by a notice indicating that the financial statements have not been reviewed by an auditor.

The accompanying unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company have been prepared by, and are the responsibility of, the Company's management.

The Company's independent auditor has not performed a review of these interim financial statements in accordance with the standards established by the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants for a review of financial statements by an entity's auditor.

"Bahman Yamini"	"Kerry Spong"
President and Chief Executive Officer	Vice President, Finance & CFO

November 23, 2011

CANASIL RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED BALANCE SHEETS

Unaudited

ASSETS	September 30, 2011	December 31, 2010
Current Cash and cash equivalents Receivables Prepaid expenses	\$ 603,169 166,706 35,945 805,820	\$ 1,583,542 104,098 21,770 1,709,410
Reclamation bonds	28,000	20,000
Property and equipment (Note 5)	 87,352	56,008
	\$ 921,172	\$ 1,785,418
Current Accounts payable and accrued liabilities – trade Accounts payable and accrued liabilities – related parties	\$ 108,427 60,000 168,427	\$ 49,077 36,605 85,682
SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY		
Share capital (Note 6)	15,067,869	13,971,204
Contributed surplus	1,368,539	1,199,357
Deficit	 (15,683,663)	(13,470,825)
	 752,745	1,699,736
	\$ 921,172	\$ 1,785,418

Nature and continuance of operations (Note 1)

ON BEHALF OF THE BOARD:	
"Gary Nordin"	, Director
"Arthur Freeze"	, Director

- See Accompanying Notes -

CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY (DEFICIENCY)

	Number of Shares	Share Capital (Notes 6 & 7)	Contributed Surplus (Notes 6 & 7)	Deficit	Total
Balance – January 1, 2010	41,502,592	\$ 11,128,289	\$ 922,188	\$ (12,236,036)	\$ (185,559)
Private placement	3,620,000	362,000	-	-	362,000
Private placement	1,500,000	150,000	-	-	150,000
Private placement	3,820,000	573,000	-	-	573,000
Share issuance costs	-	(32,760)	-	-	(32,760)
Share-based compensation	-	-	137,667	-	137,667
Loss for the period	-	-	-	(692,017)	(692,017)
Balance – September 30, 2010	50,442,592	12,180,529	1,059,855	(12,928,053)	312,331
Private placement	4,267,000	1,280,100	-	-	1,280,100
Share issuance costs	-	(93,810)	-	-	(93,810)
Warrants exercised	3,070,000	460,500	-	-	460,500
Options exercised	800,000	80,000	-	-	80,000
Fair value of options exercised	_	63,885	(63,885)	_	_
Share-based compensation	_	-	203,387	_	203,387
Loss for the period	_	_	200,007	(542,772)	(542,772)
				(3+2,112)	(342,772)
Balance - December 31, 2010	58,579,592	13,971,204	1,199,357	(13,470,825)	1,699,736
Private placement	1,220,000	488,000	-	-	488,000
Share issuance costs	-	(15,960)	-	-	(15,960)
Warrants exercised	2,490,000	388,500	-	-	388,500
Options exercised	885,000	157,000	-	-	157,000
Fair value of options exercised	-	79,125	(79,125)	-	_
Share-based compensation	-	-	248,307	-	248,307
Loss for the period		-	-	(2,212,838)	(2,212,838)
Balance – September 30, 2011	63,174,592	\$ 15,067,869	\$ 1,368,539	\$ (15,683,663)	\$ 752,745

CANASIL RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF COMPREHENSIVE LOSS

	For the Thre	onths Ended ember	For the Nine Months Ender 30 September			
	2011	2010	2011		2010	
Expenses						
Accounting and audit	\$ 16,065	\$ 8,488	\$ 32,502	\$	20,788	
Conferences and conventions	13,229	8,194	35,396		21,867	
Consulting	-	-	14,400		-	
Depreciation	3,466	2,492	9,988		7,476	
Director fees	10,000	10,000	30,000		30,000	
Exploration and evaluation (Note 4)	106,453	69,967	1,123,633		258,610	
Foreign exchange loss	7,167	1,923	19,099		3,144	
General exploration	11,917	1,754	24,599		6,648	
Investor relations and promotions	74,436	6,072	158,495		15,048	
Legal fees	1,966	7,142	15,300		18,804	
Listing and filing fees	3,265	5,660	16,300		16,282	
Management fees	57,500	28,500	307,000		85,500	
Office services and supplies	13,200	14,296	62,559		38,090	
Salaries and wages	45,655	3,850	99,224		11,559	
Shareholder communications	2,015	10,393	20,407		13,822	
Share-based compensation (Note 7)	38,361	23,704	214,779		137,667	
Transfer agent fees	1,436	1,055	10,998		6,990	
Travel and accommodation	 7,422	, - <u>-</u>	25,280		<u> </u>	
Loss before other items	(413,553)	(203,490)	(2,219,959)		(692,295)	
Interest income	1,670	27	7,121		278	
Loss and comprehensive	 ,		,			
loss for the period	\$ (411,883)	\$ (203,463)	\$ (2,212,838)	\$	(692,017)	
Loss per share - basic and diluted	\$ (0.01)	\$ (0.00)	\$ (0.04)	\$	(0.02)	
Weighted-average shares						
Outstanding – basic and diluted	63,078,940	45,983,896	61,100,782		43,569,698	

CANASIL RESOURCES INC. CONDENSED INTERIM CONSOLIDATED STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE NINE MONTHS ENDED SEPTEMBER 30

CASH RESOURCES PROVIDED BY (USED IN)	2011	2010
Operating activities		_
Loss for the period	\$ (2,212,838)	\$ (692,017)
Items not involving cash		
Depreciation	9,988	7,476
Share-based compensation (Note 7)	 248,307	137,667
	(1,954,543)	(546,874)
Changes in non-cash working capital		
Increase in receivables	(62,608)	(4,300)
Increase in prepaid expenses	(14,175)	(15,180)
Increase (decrease) in accounts payable and accrued liabilities	00.745	(11 110)
and accrued liabilities	82,745	(11,118)
	 (1,948,581)	(577,472)
Investing activities		
Increase in reclamation bonds	(8,000)	-
Purchase of equipment	(41,332)	-
	 (49,332)	-
Financing activities		
Share capital issued for cash	1,017,540	1,052,240
Increase in subscriptions receivable	-	(340,950)
Decrease in due to related party	 	(50,000)
	 1,017,540	661,290
Change in cash for the period	(980,373)	83,818
Cash position - beginning of period	 1,583,542	80,063
Cash position - end of period	\$ 603,169	\$ 163,881
Supplemental schedule of non-cash investing and financing transactions		
Fair value of stock options exercised	\$ 79,125	\$ -

Unaudited

1. NATURE AND CONTINUANCE OF OPERATIONS

Canasil Resources Inc. (the "Company"), a British Columbia incorporated company with its head office located in Vancouver, British Columbia, is considered to be in the exploration stage with respect to its interest in mineral properties. Based on the information available to date, the Company has not yet determined whether these properties contain economically recoverable ore reserves. The Company's continuing operation is dependent upon the confirmation of economically recoverable reserves, the ability of the Company to obtain the financing necessary to maintain operations and successfully complete its exploration and development, and the attainment of future profitable production.

These consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards on a going concern basis, which assumes that the Company will be able to realize its assets and discharge its liabilities in the normal course of business for the foreseeable future. Several adverse conditions cast significant doubt upon the validity of this assumption. Consistent with other junior exploration companies, the Company has no source of operating revenue, is unable to self-finance operations, and has significant cash requirements to meet its overhead and maintain its mineral interests.

These financial statements do not include adjustments to amounts and classifications of assets and liabilities that might be necessary should the Company be unable to continue. The continuing operations of the Company are dependent upon its ability to continue to raise adequate financing and to commence profitable operations in the future. While the Company has been successful in the past at raising funds, there can be no assurance that it will be able to do so in the future.

	September 30,	December 31,
	2011	2010
Deficit	\$ 15,683,663	\$ 13,470,825
Working capital	\$ 637,393	\$ 1,623,728

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and basis of presentation

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as set out in the Handbook of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants, which was revised in 2010 to incorporate IFRS. Publicly accountable enterprises are required to apply such standards effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2011.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements cover a portion of the first annual consolidated financial statements that will be presented in accordance with IFRS for the year ending December 31, 2011. Previously, the Company prepared its interim and annual consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP"). In these financial statements, the term Canadian GAAP refers to Canadian GAAP prior to the adoption of IFRS.

Unaudited

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Adoption of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") and basis of presentation - continued

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with International Accounting Standard 34, Interim Financial Reporting ("IAS 34") using those standards issued and current as of November 23, 2011, the date that the Company's board of directors approved these financial statements. The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IAS 34 requires management to make judgments, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of policies and reported amounts of assets and liabilities, profit and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. These condensed interim consolidated financial statements do not include all of the information required for full annual financial statements.

The standards that will be effective as at December 31, 2011 are subject to change and additional interpretation. Any subsequent changes to IFRS may affect the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2011 and could result in restatement of these condensed interim consolidated financial statements, including the transition adjustments recognized on conversion to IFRS.

Subject to certain transition elections referenced in Note 9, the Company has applied the same accounting policies incorporated in its opening IFRS balance sheet at January 1, 2010 ("Transition Date") and for all periods presented, as if these policies had always been in effect. The Company's significant accounting policies are provided in Note 2 to the Company's first IFRS condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011.

Note 9 to the Company's March 31, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements discloses the impact of the transition to IFRS on the Company's reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows, including the nature and effect of significant changes in accounting policies from those used in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010. Comparative figures for 2010 in these financial statements have been restated to give effect to these changes. Note 9 to these financial statements discloses the impact of the transition to IFRS on the Company's shareholders' equity and comprehensive loss for the period ended September 30, 2010.

These condensed interim consolidated financial statements should be read in conjunction with the Company's Canadian GAAP annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010 and the Company's first IFRS condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011. Unless otherwise stated, all amounts presented are in Canadian dollars.

Principles of consolidation

These consolidated financial statements include the accounts of the Company and its wholly-owned subsidiary, Minera Canasil, S.A. de C.V., a company incorporated in Mexico. All significant inter-company transactions, balances, and unrealized translation gains or losses have been eliminated.

Unaudited

2. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - continued

Estimates, risks, and uncertainties

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with IFRS requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities, and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amount of revenues and expenses during the period. Actual results could differ from these estimates and the differences could be material to the Company's results and financial position. Significant estimates used in the preparation of these financial statements relate to the useful lives of property and equipment, valuation allowances for deferred income tax assets, estimates of share-based compensation, and the valuation of warrants in private placements.

Comparative figures

Certain of the comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current period's presentation.

3. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, reclamation bonds, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. All of the Company's financial instruments are carried at amortized cost. The carrying values approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company has no speculative financial instruments, derivatives, forward contracts, or hedges.

All of the Company's Canadian cash and reclamation bonds are held in interest bearing accounts and short-term guaranteed investment certificates at a major Canadian bank and such balances earn interest at market rates. The Company also maintains cash in the currency of Mexico (peso), which is held in a major bank in Mexico and used to fund its foreign projects. The cash balances, receivables, and payables that are denominated in pesos are subject to currency risk due to fluctuations in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the peso. To manage this currency risk, the Company maintains only the minimum amount of cash, in pesos, that is necessary to fund its ongoing exploration and evaluation expenditures. Accounts payable denominated in pesos are settled in a timely manner. At September 30, 2011, the Company held the equivalent of \$10,625 in cash, \$91,989 in receivables, and \$13,660 in accounts payable, all of which are denominated in pesos.

Due to the value and nature of the Company's financial instruments, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant credit, interest rate, liquidity or market risks in respect of these financial instruments. The Company's policies and processes of managing all risks associated with its financial instruments have not changed during the current period.

Unaudited

4. EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION

The Company expenses exploration and evaluation costs relating to its mineral property interests in the period incurred. A description of the Company's mineral interests follows:

La Esperanza project, Mexico

During 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement to earn a 100% interest in the La Esperanza project, subject to an Net Smelter Returns royalty ("NSR") of up to 1% which can be purchased by the Company for US\$100,000. The claims are located in Zacatecas State, Mexico. The agreement granted the Company the right to acquire these claims by making option payments over a period of three years totalling US\$150,000. During 2009, the Company extended the agreement one additional year in exchange for an additional payment of US\$10,000, bringing the total payments due to the optionor to US\$160,000 over a four-year period. In May 2011, the Company completed the final payment of US\$75,000 required under the agreement and earned its 100% interest in the property.

From 2006 to 2010, the Company added further claims by direct staking to increase the project area.

In August 2010, the Company signed an agreement with MAG Silver Corp. ("MAG") providing MAG the option to earn a 60% interest in the La Esperanza project by making cash payments of \$500,000 to the Company and completing \$5,000,000 in exploration expenditures over a period of four years. The first two cash payments totalling \$150,000 have been received; the first-year exploration expenditure of \$750,000 is a firm commitment.

In accordance with the agreement, in August 2010 MAG subscribed for a private placement of 1,500,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.10 per unit for gross proceeds of \$150,000 (*Note 6*). In May 2011, MAG subscribed to a further private placement of 500,000 units of the Company at a price of \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$200,000 (*Note 6*), which completes their obligation under the option agreement to subscribe for shares of the Company.

Sandra and Escobar projects, Mexico

The Company has staked the Sandra claims located in Durango State, Mexico. In 2008, the Company entered into an agreement with Pan American Silver Corp. ("Pan American") providing an option for the Company to earn a 51% interest in Pan American's Escobar claims for US\$1,000,000 in exploration expenditures over three years. Upon the Company earning in, Pan American will have the option to back-in to a 51% interest in the combined claims of Pan American's Escobar project and the Company's Sandra project by paying the Company three times its exploration expenditures on the combined claims, forming a 51% Pan American and 49% Canasil joint venture. If the Company elects not to contribute its share of joint venture expenditures, Pan American may earn an additional 14% interest by completing a feasibility study, thereby taking its interest to 65%.

At the Company's option, Pan American may earn a further 15% interest for a total 80% interest by financing the Company's share of capital costs required to take the project through to production. If Pan American decides not to exercise its back-in right, it may sell its 49% interest in the Escobar claims to the Company for US\$5,000,000 in a combination of cash and shares paid over three years, and would retain a 2.5% NSR on future production from the Escobar claims.

Unaudited

4. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION** - continued

Carina project, Mexico

During fiscal 2010, the Company signed an agreement providing Pan American the option to earn a 55% interest in the Carina project by making cash payments of US\$365,000 to the Company and completing US\$3,650,000 in exploration expenditures over a period of four years. The initial cash payment of US\$36,500 has been received; the first-year exploration expenditure of US\$200,000 is a firm commitment.

Upon initial earn-in, the Company and Pan American will form a joint venture to further develop the property. Pan American can increase its interest to 70% by funding to full feasibility within three years and to 80% by financing the project through to production.

Salamandra and Victoria projects, Mexico

During 2006, the Company entered into an option agreement to earn a 100% interest in the Salamandra project located in Durango State, Mexico, subject to an NSR of 2%. The Company can purchase one-half of the NSR for US\$1,000,000. The Company has the right to acquire these claims by making cash payments over a period of five years totalling US\$500,000. The Company has completed payments of US\$50,000 and the date for the final payment of US\$450,000 is May 23, 2012. The Company has the option to further extend the final payment of US\$450,000 over an additional three or five years based on a specific schedule of payments that includes additional amounts due to the optionor.

The Company has also staked additional claims, known as the Victoria claims, which are contiguous with the Salamandra claims. In 2009, the Victoria claims were reduced to cover the areas immediately surrounding the Salamandra and Carina projects. These blocks were incorporated with the respective projects in 2010. During 2010, the Company re-staked another separate claim to cover part of the previously held Victoria claims.

Colibri project, Mexico

During 2005, the Company staked claims located in Durango State, Mexico. During fiscal 2007, the Company acquired a 100% interest in several additional claims through the issuance of shares and warrants.

Other projects

The Company has staked other claims located in Durango and Sinaloa States, Mexico which include the Vizcaino, Nora, Los Azules, San Fransisco, and Buenavista projects. The Company has also staked and holds claims in British Columbia, Canada, which include the Brenda, Lil, Vega, and Granite projects. The Company holds a 100% interest in all of these claims.

In January 2011, the Company signed an agreement to acquire a 100% interest in the Candelaria claims that now form part of the Nora project. The Company paid US\$30,000 and issued 200,000 stock options at \$0.35 to the optionors. The agreement provides for a 1% NSR and calls for semi-annual lease payments starting at US\$5,000 in 2011 and increasing to US\$20,000 by 2014 and thereafter. All such lease payments made will be credited towards the Company's purchase of the NSR for an agreed price of US\$3.000.000.

Unaudited

4. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION** - continued

Title to resource properties involves certain inherent risks due to the difficulties of determining the validity of certain claims as well as the potential for problems arising from the frequently ambiguous conveyancing history characteristic of many resource properties. The Company has investigated title to all of its resource properties and, to the best of its knowledge, title to all of its properties is in good standing.

Expenditures for the period and cumulative expenditures as at September 30 are as follows:

2011	Acquisition	Exploration	Total Additions	Cumulative Expenditures
Brenda, Canada	\$ -	\$ 1,703	\$ 1,703	\$ 2,013,670
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	-	(202,669)
Other, Canada	-	90,717	90,717	111,733
Sandra and Escobar, Mexico	19,255	624,543	643,798	961,102
La Esperanza, Mexico	84,196	48,178	132,374	858,792
 Expenditure recoveries 	(84,196)	(32,795)	(116,991)	(116,991)
 Option payments received 	(100,000)	-	(100,000)	(150,000)
Colibri, Mexico	_	15,071	15,071	1,663,083
Salamandra, Mexico	-	190,886	190,886	1,165,965
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	-	(18,682)
 Option payments received 	-	-	-	(53,989)
Victoria, Mexico	-	151,688	151,688	341,436
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	-	(113,848)
 Option payments received 	-	-	-	(21,596)
Carina, Mexico	-	9,581	9,581	72,554
 Option payments received 	-	-	-	(36,500)
Other, Mexico	 63,153	41,653	104,806	264,428
	\$ (17,592)	\$ 1,141,225	\$ 1,123,633	\$ 6,738,488

2010	Acquisition	Exploration	Total Additions	Cumulative Expenditures
Brenda, Canada	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,011,967
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	-	(200,839)
Other, Canada	-	1,935	1,935	5,288
Sandra and Escobar, Mexico	-	94,094	94,094	285,037
La Esperanza, Mexico	14,453	97,720	112,173	716,316
 Option payments received 	-	(50,000)	(50,000)	(50,000)
Colibri, Mexico	-	17,182	17,182	1,631,718
Salamandra, Mexico	-	35,590	35,590	934,462
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	-	(18,682)
 Option payments received 	-	-	-	(53,989)
Victoria, Mexico	-	1,137	1,137	158,393
 Expenditure recoveries 	-	-	-	(113,848)
 Option payments received 	-	-	-	(21,596)
Carina, Mexico	-	18,709	18,709	62,957
Other, Mexico	 -	27,790	27,790	77,165
	\$ 14,453	\$ 244,157	\$ 258,610	\$ 5,424,349

Unaudited

4. **EXPLORATION AND EVALUATION** - continued

Expenditures for the period ending September 30, by activity, are as follows:

	2011	2010
Acquisition and option		_
payments	\$ 166,604	\$ 14,453
Administration and legal	10,906	14,794
Assays	33,236	14,641
Consulting	8,816	8,392
Drilling	262,874	=
Environmental and permits	1,008	=
Field costs	54,229	37,191
Geology	146,958	74,604
Geophysical	355,877	-
Land holding costs	192,779	115,886
Mapping and surveying	30,281	12,992
Roadwork	45,148	7,906
Transportation and rentals	13,736	6,552
Travel and accommodation	18,172	1,199
Expenditure recoveries	(116,991)	=
Option payments received	 (100,000)	(50,000)
	\$ 1,123,633	\$ 258,610

5. PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

	Land	Automotive	Computer	Field Equipment	Furniture and fixtures	Total
Cost						
January 1, 2010 Additions Disposals	\$ 31,686 - -	\$ 27,730 - -	\$ 14,729 - -	\$ 31,971 - -	\$ 25,545 - -	\$ 131,661 - -
December 31, 2010 Additions Disposals	31,686 - -	27,730 35,445 -	14,729 4,074 -	31,971 - -	25,545 1,813 -	131,661 41,332 -
September 30, 2011	 31,686	63,175	18,803	31,971	27,358	172,993
Accumulated Amortization						
January 1, 2010 Additions Disposals	- - -	19,645 2,426	11,033 1,663	18,188 4,134	16,818 1,746	65,684 9,969
December 31, 2010 Additions Disposals	- - -	22,071 5,261	12,696 1,373	22,322 2,171 -	18,564 1,183	75,653 9,988 -
September 30, 2011	 -	27,332	14,069	24,493	19,747	85,641
Net Book Value						
January 1, 2010	\$ 31,686	\$ 8,085	\$ 3,696	\$ 13,783	\$ 8,727	\$ 65,977
December 31, 2010	\$ 31,686	\$ 5,659	\$ 2,033	\$ 9,649	\$ 6,981	\$ 56,008
September 30, 2011	\$ 31,686	\$ 35,843	\$ 4,734	\$ 7,478	\$ 7,611	\$ 87,352

Unaudited

6. SHARE CAPITAL

Private placements

In May 2010, the Company issued 3,620,000 units at a price of \$0.10 per unit for cash proceeds of \$362,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.15 until May 20, 2011.

In August 2010, the Company issued 1,500,000 units to MAG (*Note 4*) at a price of \$0.10 per unit for cash proceeds of \$150,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant with each full warrant entitling MAG to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.15 until August 27, 2011.

In September 2010, the Company issued 3,820,000 units at a price of \$0.15 per unit for gross proceeds of \$573,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.25 until September 24, 2011. The Company paid finders' fees of \$32,760.

In December 2010, the Company issued 4,267,000 units at a price of \$0.30 per unit for gross proceeds of \$1,280,100. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.45 until December 17, 2011. The warrants are subject to an accelerated exercise provision. The Company paid finders' fees of \$66,990.

In May 2011, the Company issued 1,220,000 units at a price of \$0.40 per unit for gross proceeds of \$488,000. Each unit consisted of one common share and one-half of one share purchase warrant with each full warrant entitling the holder to purchase one common share at a price of \$0.60 until May 6, 2012. The warrants are subject to an accelerated exercise provision. The Company paid commissions and finder's fees of \$15,960. Under the terms of its option agreement on the La Esperanza project (Note 4), MAG subscribed for 500,000 units of this placement.

Shareholder rights plan

A shareholder rights plan was adopted by the shareholders during fiscal 2007. The plan is designed to encourage the fair treatment of shareholders in connection with any takeover offer for the Company. Pursuant to the terms of the plan, any bids that meet certain criteria intended to protect the interests of all shareholders are deemed to be "Permitted Bids". In the event that a bid, other than a Permitted Bid, to acquire 20% or more of the common shares is made, shareholders other than those involved in the take-over bid will be entitled to exercise rights to acquire common shares of the Company at a discount to the market price. The shareholders rights plan expires in April, 2012.

Unaudited

7. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS

The Company has an Incentive Stock Option Plan (the "Plan") which complies with the rules set forth by the TSX Venture Exchange limiting the total number of incentive stock options to 10% of the issued common shares, and providing that at no time may more than 5% of the outstanding issued common shares be reserved for incentive stock options granted to any one individual. The Plan provides for the issuance of options to directors, officers, employees and consultants of the Company and its subsidiary to purchase common shares of the Company. The stock options may be issued at the discretion of the board of directors and may be exercisable during a period not exceeding five years. Stock options granted under the Plan vest in equal quarterly tranches over a period of not less than 12 months.

Stock option and share purchase warrant transactions are summarized as follows:

	Warr	ant	S	Opti	ons	3
		,	Weighted Average Exercise			
	Number (i)		Price	Number		Price
Outstanding, January 1, 2010	3,150,000	\$	0.15	1,933,750	\$	0.34
Issued/granted	6,603,500	\$	0.28	3,675,000	\$	0.19
Exercised	(3,070,000)	\$	0.15	(800,000)	\$	0.10
Expired	(100,000)	\$	0.15	(135,000)	\$	0.39
Outstanding, December 31, 2010	6,583,500	\$	0.28	4,673,750	\$	0.26
Issued/granted	610,000	\$	0.60	500,000	\$	0.34
Exercised	(2,490,000)	\$	0.16	(885,000)	\$	0.18
Expired	(1,960,000)	\$	0.24	(208,750)	\$	0.21
Outstanding, September 30, 2011	2,743,500	\$	0.48	4,080,000	\$	0.29
Exercisable, September 30, 2011	2,743,500	\$	0.48	3,880,000	\$	0.28

(i) All outstanding warrants are subject to an accelerated exercise clause such that after six months following the closing of the placements, the Company has the right to accelerate the expiry date of the warrants upon 30 days written notice should the trading price of the Company's shares, for a period of ten consecutive trading days, exceed the following thresholds:

As to 2,133,500 warrants – 10-day trading share price of \$0.90; As to 610,000 warrants – 10-day trading share price of \$1.40.

Unaudited

7. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS – continued

At September 30, 2011, the Company had outstanding stock options and warrants enabling holders to acquire common shares as follows:

	Number of Shares	E	kercise Price	Expiry Date
Options	100,000 755,000 100,000 875,000 1,750,000 350,000 150,000	\$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$	0.20 0.50 0.25 0.10 0.28 0.35 0.30	October 27, 2011 (i) March 20, 2012 July 10, 2013 January 27, 2015 November 23, 2015 January 13, 2013 July 15, 2013
Warrants	2,133,500 610,000 2,743,500	\$ \$	0.45 0.60	December 17, 2011 May 6, 2012

⁽i) Expired unexercised on October 27, 2011.

Share-based compensation

The following table presents information relating to incentive stock options granted to directors, officers and consultants of the Company during the period ended September 30. Share-based compensation is recorded over the vesting period.

	 2011	2010
Total options granted	 500,000	1,925,000
Average exercise price	\$ 0.34	\$ 0.10
Estimated fair value of options granted	\$ 84,319	\$ 149,255
Estimated fair value per option	\$ 0.17	\$ 0.08

The fair value of the share-based compensation to be recognized in the accounts has been estimated using the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model with the following weighted-average assumptions:

	2011	2010
Risk-free interest rate	1.88%	2.39%
Expected dividend yield	0.00%	0.00%
Expected stock price volatility	93%	113%
Expected option life in years	2.00	4.61

Unaudited

7. STOCK OPTIONS AND WARRANTS – continued

The Company has recorded share-based compensation for the options that vested during the period as follows:

	 2011	2010
Number of options vested in period	 1,637,500	1,381,250
General and administrative Exploration and evaluation	\$ 214,779 33,528	\$ 137,667 -
Compensation recognized in period	\$ 248,307	\$ 137,667

Of the total share-based compensation recognized in the period, \$155,557 (2010 - \$91,710) relates to options granted to directors, officers, and key management personnel.

During the period, 885,000 stock options (2010 - nil) were exercised and the related fair value of \$79,125 (2010 - \$nil) was recorded as share capital.

8. RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence are as follows:

- a) Paid or accrued \$24,000 (2010 \$72,000) for management fees to Essec Enterprises Ltd., a company of which the Chief Executive Officer is a director;
- b) Paid management salaries of \$75,000 (2010 \$nil) to the Chief Executive Officer;
- c) Incurred an aggregate total of \$30,000 (2010 \$30,000) in director fees by paying or accruing \$7,500 (2010 \$7,500) to each of the following:

Stillwater Enterprises Ltd. – a company controlled by a director of the Company Discovery Resource Corp. – a company controlled by a director of the Company Greenspot Enterprise Ltd. – a company controlled by a director of the Company A director of the Company

Accounts payable includes \$60,000 due to these parties;

- d) Paid or accrued \$15,300 (2010 \$12,304) for legal services to Vector Corporate Lawyers Inc., a firm in which an officer of the Company is a partner;
- e) Paid or accrued \$28,000 (2010 \$13,500) in management fees to the Chief Financial Officer;
- f) Paid management fee bonuses of \$225,000 (2010 \$nil) and \$30,000 (2010 \$nil) to Essec Enterprises Ltd. and the Chief Financial Officer, respectively;
- g) Paid geological and administrative consulting fees of \$20,000 (2010 \$nil) to Discovery Resource Corp.

The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available for similar services, to management personnel on an arm's length basis.

During the year ended December 31, 2010, directors, officers, and companies with directors in common made advances totalling \$140,844 to the Company. The advances were non-interest bearing, unsecured, due on demand, with no fixed terms of repayment. All advances were repaid during the 2010 fiscal year.

Unaudited

9. TRANSITION TO INTERNATIONAL FINANCIAL REPORTING STANDARDS

The accounting policies in Note 2 to the Company's first IFRS condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the three months ended March 31, 2011 have been applied in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, the comparative information for the nine months ended September 30, 2010, and the balance sheet as December 31, 2010.

In preparing the comparative information for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 and the financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010, the Company has adjusted amounts previously reported in financial statements prepared in accordance with Canadian GAAP.

IFRS 1 provides certain mandatory exceptions and optional exemptions to full retrospective application for first time adopters of IFRS. Details of the elections made by the Company in preparing these condensed interim consolidated financial statements are included in Note 9 to the Company's March 31, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements, which also include reconciliations of the assets, liabilities, shareholders' equity, comprehensive loss, and cash flows of the Company from those reported under Canadian GAAP to IFRS for January 1, 2010, December 31, 2010, and March 31, 2011.

A reconciliation of the Company's shareholders' equity and comprehensive loss, from those amounts previously reported under Canadian GAAP to IFRS, for the nine months ended September 30, 2010 follows:

SHAREHOLDERS' EQUITY	September 30, 2010
Total equity under Canadian GAAP	\$ 5,736,680
Effect of transition to IFRS: Deficit: Retrospective expensing of	
exploration and evaluation costs (i)	 (5,424,349)
Total equity under IFRS	\$ 312,331
	Nine Months
	Ended September 30,
COMPREHENSIVE LOSS	2010
Comprehensive loss under Canadian GAAP	\$ 433,407
Effect of transition to IFRS:	
Retrospective expensing of exploration and evaluation costs (i)	258,610
Comprehensive loss under IFRS	\$ 692,017

⁽i) Exploration and evaluation assets – where IFRS permits the capitalization of certain exploration and evaluation expenditures under IFRS 6, *Exploration and Evaluation of Mineral Properties*, the Company has elected to expense its exploration and evaluation costs in the period incurred. Consequently, the Company has retrospectively expensed such costs previously capitalized under Canadian GAAP on the Transition Date with an adjustment to its opening deficit.

Unaudited

10. CAPITAL DISCLOSURES

The Company is in the business of mineral exploration and has no source of operating revenue. The Company has no short- or long-term debt and finances its operations through the issuance of capital stock. Capital raised is held in cash in an interest bearing bank account or guaranteed investment certificate until such time as it is required to pay administrative expenses or exploration and evaluation costs. The Company is not subject to any externally imposed capital restrictions. Its objectives in managing its capital are to safeguard its cash and its ability to continue as a going concern, and to utilize as much of its available capital as possible for exploration activities. The Company's objectives have not changed during the period.

11. SEGMENTED INFORMATION

The company currently operates in only one operating segment, that being the mineral exploration industry. The Company operates in the following geographical locations:

2011	Canada	Mexico	Total
Plant and equipment	\$ 13,586	\$ 73,766 \$	87,352
2010	Canada	Mexico	Total
Plant and equipment	\$ 13,755	\$ 44,746 \$	58,501

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

This Management's Discussion and Analysis ("MD&A") for Canasil Resources Inc. ("the Company") is dated November 23, 2011, and provides information on the Company's activities for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011, and from the end of the 2010 fiscal year to the date of this report. The following discussion and analysis of the financial position of the Company should be read in conjunction with the un-audited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2011, prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards, the annual audited consolidated financial statements and related notes, prepared in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles, and the MD&A for the year ended December 31, 2010.

Overview

The Company is engaged in the exploration and development of mineral properties with prospects for gold, silver, copper, zinc and lead in Durango, Sinaloa and Zacatecas States, Mexico, and in British Columbia, Canada.

The Company's stronger working capital position at December 31, 2010, and the option and joint venture agreements with MAG Silver Corp. ("MAG") on the La Esperanza project and Pan American Silver Corp. ("Pan American") on the Carina project, provided opportunities for a more active exploration program and operating activities in 2011. In Mexico, the Company completed ZTEM airborne geophysical surveys for a total of 1,718 line kilometres on the Victoria, Salamandra and Sandra Escobar projects in February and March 2011. MAG actively worked on the interpretation of the 1,330 line-kilometre ZTEM airborne survey completed at La Esperanza in October 2010, and upgrading of access roads, as well as geological mapping and surface sampling on four vein systems to define drill targets with plans to start the drill program without delay. MAG reported expenditures of \$831,681 at La Esperanza as at September 30, 2011, of which \$437,966 was spent during the period. Total planned 2011 expenditures by MAG at La Esperanza are \$1,025,000. Pan American undertook geological mapping and surface sampling at the Carina project to define drill targets for a planned drill program of 2,910 metres in 14 holes. Pan American's first year expenditure deadline was extended from November 18, 2011 to April 18, 2012 because of delays in receiving required drill permits. At the Sandra-Escobar project, a comprehensive exploration program was completed including petrographic analysis of surface samples, high resolution satellite imaging, a ZTEM airborne survey, and 1,848 metres of diamond drilling in 11 drill holes. Assay results to date have confirmed four vein targets with confirmed silver/gold and silver intercepts for further drill testing. At the Nora project, the Company entered into an agreement with La Cuesta International for an option to acquire a 100% interest in 7,200 hectares of claims surrounding the Nora project claims, expanding the project area to 7,708 hectares. All the mineral claims in Mexico were maintained in good standing. Total Canasil exploration expenditures during the period in Mexico were \$1,048,805 (2010 - \$242,222).

In British Columbia, Canada, the Company completed evaluation reports on the Lil, Vega and Granite projects, as well as initial field programs at the Lil and Vega projects in September 2011. Applications were submitted and permits received for multi-year exploration programs, including drill programs, at the Brenda gold-copper project and the Lil silver project. The Lil silver project claims were expanded by a further 2,680 hectares during the period. All BC claims were maintained in good standing. Total expenditures in British Columbia during the period were \$92,420 (2010 - \$1,935).

During the period, the Company received \$388,500 from the exercise of 2,490,000 warrants and \$157,000 from the exercise of 885,000 options. In May 2011, the Company completed a private placement of \$488,000 through the issuance of 1,220,000 units at \$0.40, each unit including a half warrant with each whole warrant entitling the holder to purchase an additional common share at \$0.60 within 12 months. The Company issued 350,000 incentive stock options with an exercise price of \$0.35 in January 2011, and 150,000 options at \$0.30 in July 2011.

The Company exhibited at the Vancouver Mineral Exploration Round-up and the Vancouver Resource Investment Conference in January 2011, attended the 2011 Prospectors and Developers Association Conference in Toronto in March 2011, the Calgary Resource Investment conference in April 2011, the New York Hard assets conference in May 2011, and the Vancouver World Resource Investment Conference in June 2011. The Company exhibited at the Toronto Resource Investment Conference in September 2011, and subsequent to the period-end, exhibited at the Silver Summit in Spokane (October 2011) and the Precious Metals Conference in Munich, Germany (November 2011).

Mineral Properties

The Company has acquired the following mineral exploration projects in Mexico since 2005 and to the date of this report:

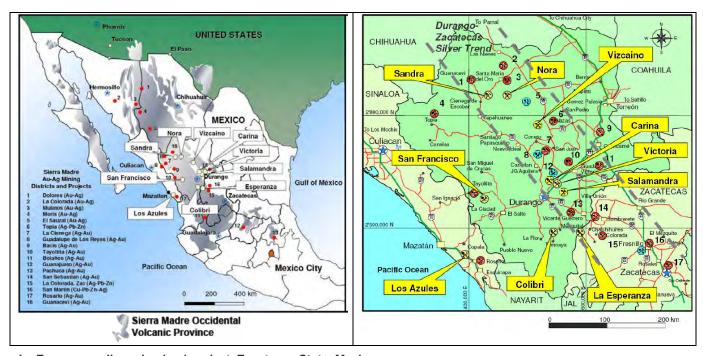
- La Esperanza silver zinc lead project 100% interest
- Sandra gold silver project 100%
- Salamandra zinc silver project (March 2006) 100% interest and option to earn 100%
- Carina silver project 100%
- Colibri silver zinc lead copper project 100%
- Vizcaino silver gold project 100%
- Victoria zinc silver project 100%
- Nora silver gold copper project 100% owned and option to earn 100%
- Los Azules copper silver gold project 100%
- Buenavista copper silver gold project 100%
- San Francisco gold silver project 100%

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

The Company holds 100% interests in the following mineral properties located in the Omineca Mining District, in North-central British Columbia, Canada:

- Brenda, gold-copper property
- Vega, gold-copper property
- Granite, gold property
- LIL. silver property

Exploration projects in Mexico



La Esperanza silver-zinc-lead project, Zacatecas State, Mexico

During the period, the Company completed its obligations under an option agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the original La Esperanza claims covering 435 hectares, subject to a net smelter returns ("NSR") royalty of up to 1.0%, by making option payments over a period of four years totalling US\$160,000. The claim area at the La Esperanza project has been increased through staking of claims to 18,954 hectares. The project is located on the border of Durango and Zacatecas States, 100 km south-southeast of the city of Durango. A Phase 1 diamond drill program consisting of 9 drill holes for a total of 1,432 metres was completed in 2006 and outlined a mineralized vein with a strike length of over 150 metres, to a depth of 200 metres, which is open in all directions, with a width of up to 10.30 metres carrying high-grade silver mineralization. In 2010 the Company upgraded access roads of over 24 km in the newly acquired claim areas, followed by geological mapping and surface sampling of four high-grade silver vein occurrences on these claims, all returning encouraging silver values.

In August 2010, the Company signed an option agreement providing for MAG to earn a 60% interest in the La Esperanza project for expenditures of \$5,000,000 and cash payments to Canasil of \$500,000 over a period of four years. The agreement also provided for MAG to subscribe for private placements of up to \$350,000 in Canasil shares. The initial payment of \$50,000 and first year expenditure commitment of \$750,000 were firm commitments. In August 2010, MAG completed the initial payment of \$50,000 and a private placement of \$150,000 (1,500,000 units at \$0.10). In October 2010, MAG completed a 1,330 line-kilometre ZTEM helicopter-borne geophysical survey at La Esperanza.

During the period, MAG actively worked on the interpretation of the ZTEM airborne survey and upgrading of 30 kilometres of access roads on the north and south sides of the project area, as well as geological mapping and surface sampling on four vein systems to define drill targets. The drill program is planned to start without delay. MAG reported expenditures of \$831,681 at La Esperanza as at September 30, 2011, of which \$437,966 was spent during the period, and reported total planned 2011 expenditures at the project of \$1,025,000. In May 2011 the final payment under the purchase option agreement to complete the acquisition of the 435 hectare La Esperanza claims was completed, and the claims were transferred to Minera Canasil SA de CV, the Company's wholly owned Mexican subsidiary. In May 2011, MAG completed its final private placement of \$200,000 (500,000 units at \$0.40). In August 2011, MAG completed the \$100,000 cash payment for the second year of the option agreement, and the deadline for the completion of the first year expenditure and drilling commitments was extended from September 1, 2011 to December 31, 2011.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Sandra-Escobar silver-gold project, Durango State, Mexico

The 100% owned Sandra project covers 7,512 hectares, located 183 km northwest of the city of Durango in Durango State, Mexico. The Company is advancing exploration on the Sandra project together with the adjoining 634 hectares Escobar claims of Pan American under an agreement with Pan American (described below). Compilation and analysis of past surface sampling and geological mapping data in the project area has outlined a high level gold-silver system centered on a large altered rhyolite dome complex, with surrounding argillic and potassic alteration zones with extensive evidence of gold, silver and base metal mineralization. These features are indicative of a disseminated gold-silver system, as well as several silver-gold veins identified by surface mapping. During the period, the Company completed a 420 line-kilometre ZTEM airborne geophysical survey over the project area, petrographic analysis of 23 surface samples, and a high resolution satellite imaging survey to prepare detailed contour maps of the project area.

During the period, the Company also completed a 1,848 metre diamond drill program in eleven drill holes. Assay results returned mineralized intercepts from four veins. These included a high-grade intercept of 0.65 metres carrying 429 g/t silver, 2.58 g/t gold and 0.53% copper from the Maria Fernanda vein, an intercept of 2.06 metres carrying 126 g/t silver from the Candelaria vein, and an intercept of 0.45 metres carrying 121 g/t silver, 6.62% zinc and 1.79% lead from the El Encino vein including a wider 10.64 metre intercept of lower grade silver mineralization at the footwall carrying 18 g/t silver, 0.76% zinc and 0.29% lead. Drilling at the San Francisco vein returned 52.5 metres carrying 19 g/t silver. The narrow high-grade silver-gold intercept seen at the Maria Fernanda vein is typical of the vein systems in the Guanacevi district and similar to the veins being successfully mined by Endeavour Silver Corp. and Great Panther Silver Corp. in this district. The occurrence of wider intercepts with lower grade silver mineralization at the El Encino and San Francisco veins points to the possibility of a larger zone of disseminated silver mineralization in these areas.

The agreement with Pan American, signed in August 2008, provides for the Company to earn an initial 51% interest in Pan American's Escobar claims by completing \$1,000,000 in exploration expenditures within three years. Canasil's expenditures under the agreement to date total \$828,602. Following the earn-in, Pan American may back-in to a 51% interest in the combined Sandra and Escobar claims by paying three times Canasil's exploration expenditures on the combined claims, forming a 51% Pan American 49% Canasil joint venture. If the Company elects not to contribute its share of joint venture expenditures, Pan American may earn an additional 14% interest by completing a feasibility study, thereby taking its interest to 65%. At the Company's option, Pan American may earn a further 15% interest for a total 80% interest by financing the Company's share of capital costs required to take the project through to production. If Pan American decides not to exercise its back-in right, it may sell its 49% interest in the Escobar claims to the Company for US\$5 million in a combination of cash and shares paid over three years, and would retain a 2.5% NSR on future production from the Escobar claims.

Salamandra zinc-silver project, Durango State, Mexico

The Company has an option agreement to purchase a 100% interest in the central 900 hectares of claims comprising the Salamandra project, subject to an NSR of 2%, by making option payments over a period of five years totaling US\$500,000. The project area was expanded through staking of additional claims to a total of 14,719 hectares. The project, is located in Durango State, 35 km northeast of the city of Durango, with good access via paved and gravel roads.

In 2007 the Company completed a 3-Dimensional Induced Polarization geophysical survey, geological mapping and surface sampling programs, and 12 diamond drill holes for a total of 3,595 metres. Eleven out of the twelve drill holes intersected zinc-silver mineralized zones. These included higher grade silver and zinc intercepts of 2.40 metres to 11.60 metres with zinc grades between 0.55% and 12.00% and silver grades between 4 g/t and 102 g/t, within wider mineralized sections of 20 - 45 metres in width grading from 0.32% - 1.08% zinc and 2 g/t – 45 g/t silver. The mineralized zones identified to date appear to be part of a potentially large mineralized system, which is open along strike and to depth, only a small part of which has been explored to date.

In February 2011, the Company completed a 617 line-kilometre ZTEM airborne geophysical survey. Interpretation of the survey results show a large electromagnetic signature over an area of 3.5 km by 2.5 km extending towards the east from the area of previous drilling, confirming the potential for a significantly larger mineralized system in the project area. Surface sampling in the area of the ZTEM geophysical anomaly identified old workings with a 0.90 metre sample returning 2,150 g/t silver, 5.39% copper and 1.89% zinc. The geology and style of mineralization observed at Salamandra are similar to the San Martin silver-base metal mine of Grupo Mexico, located 80 km southeast of the project, and the largest underground mining operation in Mexico at 6,000 tonnes per day.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Carina Project, Durango, Mexico

The Carina project covers 12,147 hectares and is located 45 kilometers northeast of the City of Durango, in Durango State. The project lies 6.5 kilometres southwest of the La Preciosa project of Pan American Silver and Orko Silver. The area has excellent road access and infrastructure.

The project hosts a number of quartz veins, breccias and stockwork zones, striking NW-SE and composed of a series of parallel quartz and fluorite veins with bladed textures and widths of 1.5 metres to 2.5 metres. A broad area of quartz stockwork and breccia structures covers an area of 500 metres by 800 metres. A surface sampling and geological mapping program over this area, with a total of 170 samples, returned anomalous gold and silver values. The results indicate a high level epithermal system with potential extending beyond the outcropping mineralization.

On November 19, 2010, the Company signed an option agreement with Pan American Silver providing for Pan American to earn a 55% interest in the Carina project for expenditures of US\$3,650,000 and cash payments to Canasil of US\$365,000 over a period of four years. Pan American may increase its interest to 70% by taking the project through to feasibility, and to 80% by funding Canasil's share of investments for taking the project through to production. Pan American can recover Canasil's share of such additional investments from 85% of Canasil's share of cash flow after production. The initial cash payment of US\$36,500 was paid by Pan American in November 2010 upon signature of the agreement. During the period, Pan American completed geological mapping and surface sampling to define drill targets for a planned program of 2,910 metres in 14 drill holes. Project expenditures are being incurred by Pan American under the current option agreement. Subsequent to the end of the period, the deadline for the first year expenditures under the agreement was extended from November 18, 2011, to April 18, 2012, due to delays in receiving the required drill permits. It is expected that the drill permits will be received and the drill program completed within the revised deadline.

Colibri gold-silver-zinc-copper-lead project, Durango State, Mexico

The 100% owned Colibri claims cover 6,163 hectares, located 70 km southeast of the city of Durango. Geological mapping and surface sampling has identified and outlined a number of mineralized veins in the project area with a combined surface strike length of over 14 kilometres, indicating multiple targets for drill testing. The Company completed 34 diamond drill holes for a total of 4,169 metres at the Colibri project in 2006, 2007 and 2008. The drill program returned high-grade mineralized intercepts from the central zone of the Linda vein containing copper, silver and zinc.

Vizcaino Project, Durango, Mexico

The Vizcaino project covers 3,600 hectares, located 127 kilometers north of the city of Durango, in Durango State. The project is located 38 kilometers southeast of Silver Standard Resources' La Pitarrilla deposit and 42 kilometers north of the San Augustin deposit, both major recent discoveries. The Vizcaino project hosts a prominent quartz vein, which can be traced on the surface for over 2 kilometres with widths of over 1 metre and up to 12 metres. The exposed vein is composed of fine grained chalcedonic quartz with a classic banded structure indicative of the upper levels of a strong epithermal vein system. A surface sampling and mapping program with 99 samples covering the vein outcrops returned anomalous gold values increasing with lower elevations, suggesting the potential for higher grades at depth. A diamond drill program is warranted to test for mineralization at depth.

Victoria zinc-silver claim area, Durango, Mexico

In October 2010 the Company re-staked a 60,000 hectare claim located within the area of the previous large Victoria claim block. In February 2011 the Company completed a 680 line-kilometre ZTEM airborne geophysical survey on the northern sector of the Victoria claim area, in an area where previous reconnaissance had outlined several mineral showings and areas with anomalous geochemical signatures with gold, arsenic, antimony, copper, lead and zinc. Interpretation of the ZTEM survey results shows an electromagnetic signature over an area of 2.5 km by 2.0 km located centrally within the previously defined geochemical anomalies, and similar to the electromagnetic signature observed at the Salamandra project. This is a very positive indicator and the Company is planning further mapping and surface sampling, as well as a ground IP survey to further investigate this area.

Nora project, Durango State, Mexico

The Company holds a 100% interest in the 500 hectare Nora project claims in north-western Durango State, Mexico. The project hosts a prominent gold-silver-copper vein, with limited historical mining activity. In October 2010, the Company completed agreements to acquire the two Candy claims covering 208 hectares and located within the Nora claim area. In January 2011, the Company entered into an option agreement with La Cuesta International to acquire 100% interest in the 7,200 hectare Candelaria claims surrounding the Nora claims, increasing the project area to over 7,908 hectares. As a result the Nora project has now become a large prospective target with potential for hosting gold, silver and copper mineralization.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Los Azules gold-silver-copper project, Sinaloa State, Mexico

The Company holds a 100% interest in the Los Azules claims in Sinaloa State, Mexico, covering 4,531 hectares. The claims host prospects for epithermal vein type mineralization carrying gold, silver and copper. The Los Azules property is located 60 km southeast of the city of Mazatlan.

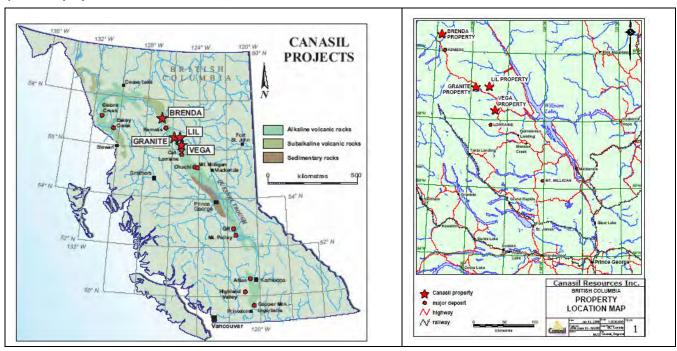
Buenavista copper-silver-gold project, Sonora State, Mexico

The Company has acquired through staking 100% interest in the Buenavista project claim in Sonora State, Mexico, located 35 km north of Ciudad Obregon. The project claim covers 5,000 hectares and is prospective for hosting copper-silver-gold mineralization

San Francisco gold-silver project, Durango, Mexico

The San Francisco property, covering 500 hectares, is located approximately 104 km west of the city of Durango in the San Dimas mining district of Durango, 14 km southeast of the Goldcorp's Tayoltita mine.

Exploration projects in British Columbia, Canada



Brenda gold-copper property, British Columbia, Canada

The Company's 100% owned Brenda property consists of 178 claim units, covering 4,450 hectares. The project is located in the Kemess-Toodoggone porphyry copper-gold district, approximately 450 km northwest of Prince George, B.C. The Brenda property is an advanced gold-copper exploration project with over \$3,500,000 in cumulative exploration expenditures covering geologic mapping, geochemistry, ground and airborne geophysics, satellite imaging and over 9,700 metres of drilling in 63 drill holes.

These programs have identified the potential for a deep porphyry gold-copper system at the Brenda project. The increasing gold and copper grades at depth observed in drilling to date, and the strength of the highly altered mineralized structure observed in the drill core, in conjunction with the strong anomalies observed in the geophysical survey, are highly encouraging and indicate the potential for a large deep-seated gold-copper porphyry system at the Brenda project. The mineralized system averages 300 to 400 metres in width, and has been traced along a strike length of 400 meters by drilling, with a potential strike length in excess of 1,000 metres indicated by the chargeability anomalies observed in the 3-Dimensional Induced Polarization geophysical survey. A deeper sensing geophysical survey, which can penetrate to 1,000 metres depth, as well as deeper drilling to extend some of the existing drill holes may be used in a future program for further definition of the structure at depth.

During the period the Company applied for and received an exploration permit covering up to 6,000 metres of diamond drilling from 10 drill hole locations and additional geophysical surveys.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Vega gold-copper, LIL silver and Granite gold properties, British Columbia, Canada

The 100% owned Vega claims are located in the Omineca Mining Division of British Columbia, 300 km northwest of Prince George. Access to the property is via the Omineca Mines Access Road and logging roads. The claim area was expanded to 11,130 hectares in 2010. During the period, the Company completed a review of the Vega project aimed at planning further exploration activities.

The 100% owned LIL claims are located in the Omineca Mining Division, 350 km northwest of Prince George, British Columbia. A review of the Lil project was completed aimed at planning further exploration activities. As a result of this review, the Lil claims were maintained and expanded to 6,145 hectares from 3,465 hectares by adding 2,680 hectares of new claims in January 2011.

The 100% owned Granite gold-silver claims, are located in the Johansson Lake area, Omineca Mining Division of British Columbia, 360 km northwest of Prince George. During the period, the Company completed a review of the Granite project aimed at planning further exploration activities. The Granite claims cover 1,624 hectares.

A \$68,456 reconnaissance program was completed at the Lil and Vega projects in September 2011. As a result the Lil claims were extended to September 2013 and the Vega claims to February 2013.

Results of Operations

International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS")

The Company prepares its financial statements in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles as set out in the Handbook of the Canadian Institute of Chartered Accountants, which was revised in 2010 to incorporate IFRS. Publicly accountable enterprises are required to apply such standards effective for years beginning on or after January 1, 2011.

The Company's September 30, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements cover a portion of the first annual consolidated financial statements that will be presented in accordance with IFRS for the year ending December 31, 2011. Previously, the Company prepared its interim and annual consolidated financial statements in accordance with Canadian Generally Accepted Accounting Principles ("Canadian GAAP"). In this management discussion, the term Canadian GAAP refers to Canadian GAAP prior to the adoption of IFRS.

The standards that will be effective as at December 31, 2011 are subject to change and additional interpretation. Any subsequent changes to IFRS may affect the Company's annual consolidated financial statements for the year ending December 31, 2011 and could result in restatement of the Company's condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the nine-month period ended September 30, 2011.

Note 9 to the Company's March 31, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements discloses the impact of the transition to IFRS on the Company's reported financial position, financial performance and cash flows, including the nature and effect of significant changes in accounting policies from those used in the Company's consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2010. Comparative figures for 2010 have been restated to give effect to these changes. Note 9 to the Company's September 30, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements discloses the impact of the transition to IFRS on the Company's shareholders' equity and comprehensive loss for the period ending September 30, 2010.

The most significant change from the Company's significant accounting policies under Canadian GAAP, and consequently, to the Company's financial position and results of operations under IFRS, relates to its mineral interests. Where the Company formerly capitalized its mineral property costs, under IFRS, the Company has elected to expense its exploration and evaluation costs in the period incurred. Consequently, the Company retrospectively expensed such costs previously capitalized under Canadian GAAP on January 1, 2010, the transition date, with an adjustment to its opening deficit.

Results of Operations for nine-month period ended September 30, 2011 and 2010

Operating expenses during the first nine months of 2011 were \$2,219,959 (2010 - \$692,295) and include \$1,123,633 (2010 - \$258,610) in exploration and evaluation expenditures, which would have previously been capitalized under Canadian GAAP. The Company earned higher interest income of \$7,121 (2010 - \$278) due to an increase of cash on hand. The operating expenses also include non-cash Share-based Compensation of \$214,779 (2010 - \$137,667) related to the issuance and vesting of options during the period. Management and Directors fees increased to \$337,000 (2010 - \$115,500) as a result of bonus payments to a Director and an Officer. In addition, on April 1, 2011, the Chief Executive Officer of the Company began drawing a salary instead of charging management fees, therefore, salaries and wages increased to \$99,224 (2010 - \$11,559). Investor Relations and Conferences and Conventions expenses increased to \$193,891 (2010 - \$36,915) reflecting a significantly more active program including participation in industry investment conferences and the dissemination of Company information in the German speaking markets in Europe. Office Services and Supplies increased to \$62,559 (2010 -

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

\$38,090) and Travel and Accommodation to \$25,280 (2010 – \$nil) reflecting the Company's increased level of operating programs in 2011 compared to 2010. Accounting and Audit fees were \$32,502 (2010 – \$20,788), which reflect additional costs relating to the transition to IFRS, and the Company recorded a foreign exchange loss of \$19,099 (2010 – \$3,144) resulting from exchange rate fluctuations between the Canadian Dollar, the U.S. Dollar, and the Mexican Peso.

Net cash used for operating activities during the nine-month period, before changes in non-cash working capital items, was \$1,954,543 (2010 - \$546,874), which includes \$1,123,633 (2010 - \$258,610) in Exploration and Evaluation expenditures, reflecting the Company's more active exploration programs in 2011. Due to expanded exploration programs in both Canada and Mexico, Accounts Receivable increased by \$62,608 (2010 - \$4,300) primarily reflecting an increase in recoverable IVA taxes paid in Mexico, Prepaid Expenses increased by \$14,175 (2010 - \$15,180), Accounts Payable and Accrued Liabilities increased by \$82,745 (2010 - decrease of \$11,118). Cash used for investing activities was \$49,332 (2010 - \$Nil) and related to the purchase of equipment and an increase in reclamation bonds posted. Net cash flow from financing activities was \$1,017,540 resulting from the exercise of options, warrants, and the completion of a private placement during the period (2010 - \$661,290 resulting from private placements and repayments of advances from related parties).

Summary of Quarterly Information

The following table provides selected financial information of the Company for each of the last eight quarters:

Year	2011 IFRS			2011 IFRS 2010 IFRS				2010 IFRS			2009 Can. GAAP
Quarter ended:	Sept 30	June 30	March 31	Dec. 31	Sept. 30	Jun. 30	Mar. 31	Dec. 31			
Revenue	\$nil	\$nil	\$nil	\$nil	\$nil	\$nil	\$nil	\$nil			
Exploration and evaluation expense	\$106,453	\$482,208	\$534,972	\$190,506	\$69,967	\$94,945	\$93,698	n/a			
Share-based compensation expense	\$38,361	\$61,240	\$115,178	\$203,387	\$23,704	\$44,297	\$69,666	\$nil			
Loss	\$411,883	\$793,741	\$1,007,214	\$542,772	\$203,463	\$244,783	\$243,771	\$70,752			
Loss per share: basic and diluted	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.02	\$0.01	\$0.00	\$0.01	\$0.01	\$0.00			
Weighted-average shares	63,078,940	61,397,394	58,778,039	54,175,527	45,983,896	43,173,361	41,502,592	36,522,455			

Discussion of Quarterly Information

Due to the financial crisis of late 2008, the Company experienced a significantly lower level of exploration and operating activity in 2009, which is reflected in lower levels of administrative expenses and operating losses for 2009, with reductions in expenditures particularly on Investor Relations, Conferences, Travel and Share-Based Compensation. In 2010 the level of operating and exploration activities recovered, increasing through the year and resulting in increasing quarterly losses. There was significantly higher share-based compensation in 2010, related to the issuance of options to directors, officers and consultants.

During the first and second quarters of 2011, the Company had a very active exploration and operating program, which is reflected in the higher quarterly expenditures and losses. In addition the Company transitioned to the new IFRS requirements for financial reporting resulting in all current exploration expenditures being included in operating expenses, compared to their being capitalized in previous periods under Canadian GAAP. This has made a significant difference to the reported quarterly losses for 2011 and the restated losses of 2010. In addition, during the first quarter of 2011, the Company made bonus payments to management in recognition of their commitment to and sacrifices made for the Company during the period that the Company had limited cash resources and market support.

Discussion of Current Quarter

During the quarter ended September 30, 2011, the Company reported a loss of \$411,883, which compares to a loss of \$203,463 for the comparative quarter in 2010. The increase in the quarterly loss results primarily from an increase in exploration and evaluation expenses (\$36,486), conferences and investor relations expenses (\$73,399), and management fees/salaries and wages (\$70,805). In addition to the increases in these items, the Company also experienced higher costs in other areas, due to having a much more active current guarter compared to the prior year guarter.

Cash flows used in operations, before changes in non-cash working capital items, totalled \$364,841 compared to \$177,267 and also reflects the increase in activity and costs for the current quarter as discussed above.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Liquidity and Capital Resources

The Company is dependent upon raising funds through the issuance of shares or disposing of interests in its mineral properties (by options, joint ventures or outright sale) in order to finance further acquisitions, undertake exploration and development of mineral properties, and meet general and administrative expenses. There can be no assurance that the Company will be successful in securing the required financing.

The Company had working capital at September 30, 2011 of \$637,393 (December 31, 2010 – \$1,623,728). The Company had cash on hand of \$603,169 as at September 30, 2011 (December 31, 2011 – \$1,583,542).

The Company had no material income from operations. As at September 30, 2011, the Company had no long- or short-term debt.

The Company has option agreements that require certain future cash payments to maintain its interest in mineral properties, however, these payments can be made at the discretion of the Company and are not firm commitments. The Company is currently well funded to maintain its planned exploration and operating expenditures through 2011 and into 2012, however, management recognizes that it will have to raise additional equity capital in the coming year.

In 2010 the Company entered into option and joint venture agreements on two of its projects in Mexico, providing for third parties to earn a majority interest through a combination of cash and share payments to the Company and exploration expenditures to advance the projects. Given the strong prices of precious and base metals, the high level of interest in the mining exploration sector, the Company's portfolio of prospective projects, and the Company's higher share price, management believes that the Company is well positioned to enter into further option and joint venture agreements to advance its exploration projects, and to raise additional equity funds from the capital markets to fund operating and exploration activities through 2012, and to strengthen the Company's working capital position.

Other Information and Disclosures

Related Party Transactions

The aggregate value of transactions and outstanding balances relating to key management personnel and entities over which they have control or significant influence are as follows:

- a) Paid or accrued \$24,000 (2010 \$72,000) for management fees to Essec Enterprises Ltd., a company of which the Chief Executive Officer is a director:
- b) Paid management salaries of \$75,000 (2010 \$nil) to the Chief Executive Officer;
- c) Incurred an aggregate total of \$30,000 (2010 \$30,000) in director fees by paying or accruing \$7,500 (2010 \$7,500) to each of the following:
 - Stillwater Enterprises Ltd. a company controlled by a director of the Company
 - Discovery Resource Corp. a company controlled by a director of the Company
 - Greenspot Enterprise Ltd. a company controlled by a director of the Company
 - A director of the Company

Accounts payable includes \$60,000 due to these parties;

- d) Paid or accrued \$15,300 (2010 \$12,304) for legal services to Vector Corporate Lawyers Inc., a firm in which an officer of the Company is a partner;
- e) Paid or accrued \$28,000 (2010 \$13,500) in management fees to the Chief Financial Officer;
- f) Paid management fee bonuses of \$225,000 (2010 \$nil) and \$30,000 (2010 \$nil) to Essec Enterprises Ltd. and the Chief Financial Officer, respectively:
- g) Paid geological and administrative consulting fees of \$20,000 (2010 \$nil) to Discovery Resource Corp.

The terms and conditions of the transactions with key management personnel and their related parties were no more favourable than those available, or which might reasonably be expected to be available for similar services, to management personnel on an arm's length basis.

The Company relies heavily on its directors and officers for many of its administrative and professional services.

Resource Properties Expenditures

A summary of the Company's resource expenditures for the period follows:

	9 months 20)11	9 months 2010
Canada			
Brenda Property			
Environmental and permits	\$ 6	3 \$	-
Geological	7	30	-
Mapping and surveying	2	60	-
	1,7	03	-
Other Properties			
Consulting	1,0	40	-
Environmental and permits	3.	45	-
Field costs	7:	27	-
Geological	20,6	25	-
Land holding costs	35,0		1,735
Mapping and surveying		96	200
Transportation and rentals	21,1		200
Travel and accommodation	11,5		
Travel and accommodation			1.005
Mexico	90,7	1 /	1,935
Sandra and Escobar Properties			
Administration	3,4	00	3,992
Acquisition and option payments	19,2		-
Assays	22,9		12,233
	6,1°		631
Consulting			031
Drilling	262,8		-
Field costs	40,73		14,565
Geological	94,6		38,518
Geophysical	111,79		-
Land holding costs	14,3		9,750
Legal	_	76	-
Mapping and surveying	27,7	12	8,953
Road building	35,0	75	-
Transportation and rentals	9	35	4,253
Travel and accommodation	3,2	33	1,199
	643,7	98	94,094
La Esperanza Property			
Acquisition and option payments	84,1	96	14,453
Administration	2	32	3,642
Assays		-	2,408
Consulting		-	4,918
Field costs	1,3	58	17,733
Geological	,	_	26,063
Land holding costs	40,5	14	28,465
Legal	6,0		638
Mapping and surveying	3,0		3,839
Road building		_	7,800
Transportation and rentals	(400.0)	-	2,214
Option payments received Expenditure recoveries	(100,0) (116,9)		(50,000)
Experialitare receivement	(110,5	<i>- 1]</i>	
	\$ (84,6	17) \$	62,173

Resource expenditures for the period – *continued*

	9 months 2011	9 months 2010
Mexico – continued		
Colibri Property		
Administration	\$ 262	\$ 808
Field costs	-	11
Land holding costs	14,735	16,278
Transportation and rentals	 74	85
	 15,071	17,182
Salamandra Property		
Administration	262	2,555
Consulting	7,635	-
Field costs	3,582	3,300
Geological	15,832	4,090
Geophysical	124,529	-
Land holding costs	36,075	25,645
Mapping and surveying	1,300	
Transportation and rentals	475	_
Travel and accommodation	1,196	_
	 190,886	35,590
Victoria Property	 	•
Administration	100	-
Assays	2,656	-
Consulting	1,602	-
Field costs	6,236	-
Geological	12,447	1,109
Geophysical	119,593	-
Land holding costs	5,064	28
Mapping and surveying	683	-
Transportation and rentals	1,158	-
Travel and accommodation	 2,149	-
Carina Property	 151,688	1,137
Administration	_	2,127
Consulting	_	294
Field costs	164	1,261
Geological	10-	4,090
Land holding costs	9,417	10,829
Transportation and rentals	5,417	10,023
Transportation and remais	 9,581	18,709
Other Properties	 3,331	
Administration	_	1,338
Acquisition and option payments	29,625	-
Acquisition - share-based compensation	33,528	-
Consulting	-	2,241
Field costs	683	320
Geological	3,455	734
Land holding costs	 37,515	23,157
	 104,806	27,790
tal costs for period	\$ 1,123,633	\$ 258,610

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Changes in Accounting Policies

There were no changes in accounting policies during the period.

Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements

The Company does not have any off-balance sheet arrangements and does not contemplate such arrangements in the foreseeable future.

Critical Accounting Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amount of assets and liabilities, the disclosure of commitments and contingencies at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amount of revenue and expenses during the period. The most significant accounting estimates for the Company relate to the estimation of share-based compensation and valuation of income tax assets. The Company's accounting policies are set out in full in Note 2 to the March 31, 2011 unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements.

Stock-based Compensation

The fair value of stock options is determined by the application of the Black-Scholes Option-Pricing Model, which requires the input of highly subjective assumptions, including the expected price volatility of the Company's common shares and the expected life of the options. Changes in the subjective input assumptions can materially affect the fair value estimate, and therefore, the model does not necessarily provide a reliable single measure of the fair value of the Company's stock options granted/vested during the period.

Income Taxes

Deferred tax is accounted for using the liability method which recognizes differences between the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities in the financial statements and the amounts used for tax purposes. Deferred tax liabilities are generally recognized for all taxable temporary differences, and deferred tax assets are generally recognized for all deductible temporary differences to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profits will be available against which those deductible temporary differences can be utilized. Deferred tax assets are recognized only to the extent that sufficient taxable profits will be available against which the asset can be utilized. The Company has tax assets arising from various tax losses and exploration expenditures that can be carried forward to reduce future taxable income, however, the Company does not consider it probable that these future tax assets will be recovered, therefore it has provided a valuation allowance against these assets.

Financial Instruments

The Company's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, receivables, reclamation bond, and accounts payable and accrued liabilities. All of the Company's financial instruments are carried at amortized cost. The carrying values approximate their fair values due to the short-term nature of these instruments. The Company has no speculative financial instruments, derivatives, forward contracts, or hedges.

All of the Company's Canadian cash and reclamation bonds are held in interest bearing accounts and short-term guaranteed investment certificates at a major Canadian bank and such balances earn interest at market rates. The Company also maintains cash in the currency of Mexico (peso), which is held in a major bank in Mexico and used to fund its foreign projects. The cash balances, receivables, and payables that are denominated in pesos are subject to currency risk due to fluctuations in the exchange rate between the Canadian dollar and the peso. To manage this currency risk, the Company maintains only the minimum amount of cash, in pesos, that is necessary to fund its ongoing exploration and evaluation expenditures. Accounts payable denominated in pesos are settled in a timely manner. At September 30, 2011, the Company held the equivalent of \$10,625 in cash, \$91,989 in receivables, and \$13,660 in accounts payable, all of which are denominated in pesos.

Due to the value and nature of the Company's financial instruments, it is management's opinion that the Company is not exposed to significant credit, interest rate, liquidity or market risks in respect of these financial instruments. The Company's policies and processes of managing all risks associated with its financial instruments have not changed during the current period.

Disclosure for Venture Issuers without Significant Revenue

Consistent with other companies in the mineral exploration industry, the Company has no source of operating revenue. The Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements for the period ended September 30, 2011 provide a breakdown of the general and administrative expenses for the period under review and an analysis of the exploration and evaluation expenses incurred on its mineral properties.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Outstanding Share Data

Shares

The Company's authorized share capital consists of an unlimited number of common shares. As at September 30, 2011, the Company had 63,174,592 common shares issued and outstanding (diluted – 69,998,092) compared to 58,579,592 common shares issued and outstanding (diluted – 69,836,842) as at December 31, 2010.

During the period, 885,000 stock options were exercised, 208,750 stock options expired, and the Company granted 500,000 options to consultants and in connection with a property option agreement. In addition, 2,490,000 warrants were exercised and1,960,000 warrants expired unexercised. The Company completed one private placement during the period that consisted of 1,220,000 shares and 610,000 warrants. Notes 6 and 7 to the Company's September 30, 2011 condensed interim consolidated financial statements provide additional details regarding share capital, stock option, and warrant activity for the period.

Subsequent to September 30, 2011, 100,000 stock options expired unexercised. As at the date hereof, the number of outstanding shares is 63,174,592 (diluted – 69,736,842).

Options

As at September 30, 2011, a total of 4,080,000 incentive stock options were outstanding as follows:

Number of Shares	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	
100,000	\$ 0.20	October 27, 2011 (i)	
755,000	\$ 0.50	March 20, 2012	
100,000	\$ 0.25	July 10, 2013	
875,000	\$ 0.10	February 2, 2015	
1,750,000	\$ 0.28	November 23, 2015	
350,000	\$ 0.35	January 13, 2013	
150,000	\$ 0.30	July 15, 2013	
4,080,000			

⁽i) Expired unexercised on October 27, 2011.

Warrants

As at September 30, 2011, a total of 2,743,500 share purchase warrants were outstanding.

Number of Warrants	Exercise Price	Expiry Date	
2,133,500 610,000	\$ 0.45 \$ 0.60	December 17, 2011 May 6, 2012	
2,743,500		-	

Escrow

There are no shares subject to escrow or pooling arrangements.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Investor Relations

The Company maintains a website, www.canasil.com, with detailed corporate information and information covering its mineral exploration projects and operations. During the period, the Company exhibited at the Vancouver Mineral Exploration Roundup and the Vancouver Resource Investment Conference in January 2011, attended the PDAC conference in Toronto in March 2011, the Calgary Resource Investment conference in April 2011, the New York Hard Assets conference in May 2011, the Vancouver Resource Investment conference in June 2011, and the Toronto Resource Investment conference in September 2011.. The Company also contracted IR-World Finanzkommunikation GmbH for translation and distribution of news releases in the German speaking markets in Europe. This resulted in significantly higher Conferences and Conventions/Investor Relations expenditures and activities in 2011.

General Conditions Affecting the Company's Operations

General Trends

The principal business of the Company is the acquisition, exploration and, if warranted, development of natural resource properties of merit. The Company is not geographically limited to any particular region but in recent years has focused attention on mineral resource properties in Canada and Mexico.

During the fourth quarter of 2008 there was a marked deterioration in global economic conditions due to the financial and banking crisis in the U.S.A. and its effects on the global economy. These conditions resulted in a sharp decrease in the price of commodities and precious and base metals as well as sharp drops in all stock markets and loss of confidence in the investment sector. For the mineral exploration industry, these conditions continued through to the third and fourth quarter of 2009, when gradually improving economic conditions resulted in increasing precious and base metal prices and a renewed interest in funding mineral exploration companies. There has been an overall improvement in the share prices of mining and mineral exploration companies and renewed interest in the exploration sector allowing for greater funding opportunities and significantly more active operating and exploration activities from the second half of 2010 through 2011 to date.

Competitive Conditions

The outlook for acquisition and development of mineral resource projects had deteriorated due to the global financial crisis in late 2008 and first half of 2009. However these conditions started showing improvement in 2010 and appear to be continuing to improve. The higher level of exploration activity has resulted in greater interest in available projects and generally higher prices for mineral exploration services.

Environmental Protection

Environmental legislation is evolving in a manner such that standards, enforcement, fines and penalties for non-compliance are becoming stricter. Environmental assessments of proposed projects carry a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and directors, officers and employees. The cost of compliance with changes in government regulations has the potential to reduce the profitability of future operations. To the Company's knowledge, it is in compliance with all environmental laws and regulations affecting its operations.

Number of Employees

As of September 30, 2011, the Company had three employees. Significant administrative and certain geological services are provided to the Company by consultants or companies controlled by related parties. The Company, through its wholly owned Mexican subsidiary Minera Canasil SA de CV, maintains a full time operating office with geological and support staff in Durango, Mexico.

Acquisition and Disposition of Resource Properties

During the period, the Company entered into an option agreement with La Cuesta International for acquisition of 100% interest in 7,200 hectares claims surrounding the Nora project in Durango, Mexico. The Company also increased the claim area of the Lil Silver project in BC, Canada, by 2,680 hectares through the staking of new claims.

Risk Factors Relating to the Company's Business

The Company's ability to generate revenue and profit from its mineral resource properties, or any other resource property it may acquire, is dependent upon a number of factors, including, without limitation, the following:

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Precious and Base Metal Price Fluctuations

The Company's ability to finance its mineral property acquisition, exploration and eventual development is dependent upon the market price of certain precious and base metals. The price of such metals has fluctuated widely and is affected by numerous economic and political factors, consumption patterns, speculative activities, levels of supply and demand, increased production due to new mine developments and productivity, metal substitutes and stock levels. These fluctuations may result in the Company not receiving an adequate return on invested capital or the investment retaining its value.

Operating Hazards and Risks

Mining operations generally involve a high degree of risk, which even a combination of experience, knowledge and careful evaluation may not be able to overcome. Operations in which the Company has a direct or indirect interest will be subject to all the hazards, risks and liabilities normally incidental to exploration, development and production of precious and base metals. The Company presently carries no liability insurance, and any liabilities arising from its operations may have a material, adverse effect on the Company's financial position.

Exploration and Development

There is no known body of commercial ore on the Company's mineral properties. Development of the Company's properties will only follow upon obtaining satisfactory exploration results. Mineral exploration and development involves a high degree of risk and few exploration properties are ultimately developed into producing mines. There is no assurance that the Company's mineral exploration and development activities will result in any commercially viable discoveries.

Substantial expenditures are required to establish reserves through drilling, to develop metallurgical processes and the mining and processing facilities and infrastructure at any site chosen for mining. Although substantial benefits may be derived from the discovery of a major mineralized deposit, no assurance can be given that minerals will be discovered in sufficient quantities to justify commercial operations or that the funds required for development can be obtained on a timely basis

The marketability of any minerals acquired or discovered may be affected by numerous factors which are beyond the Company's control and which cannot be accurately predicted, such as market fluctuations, the proximity and capacity of milling facilities, mineral markets and processing equipment, and such other factors as government regulations, including regulations relating to royalties, allowable production, importing and exporting minerals and environmental protection.

Calculation of Reserves and Mineralization and Precious and Base Metal Recovery

There is a degree of uncertainty attributable to the calculation of reserves and mineralization and corresponding grades being mined or dedicated to future production. In addition, there can be no assurance that precious or other metal recoveries in small-scale laboratory tests will be duplicated in larger scale tests under on-site conditions or during production.

Government Regulation

Operations, development and exploration on the Company's properties are affected to varying degrees by government regulations relating to such matters as environmental protection, health, safety and labour; mining law reform; restrictions on production; price controls; tax increases; maintenance of claims; tenure; and expropriation of property. There is no assurance that future changes in such regulation, if any, will not adversely affect the Company's operations.

Environmental Factors

All phases of the Company's operations are subject to environmental regulation in the various jurisdictions in which it operates. Environmental legislation is evolving and requires stricter standards and enforcement, increased fines and penalties for non-compliance, more stringent assessments of proposed projects and a heightened degree of responsibility for companies and their officers, directors and employees. There is no assurance that future changes in environmental regulation will not adversely affect the Company's operations. Environmental hazards may exist on the Company's properties, which are unknown to the Company at present and which have been caused by previous or existing owners or operators of the properties.

Title to Assets

Although the Company has or will receive title opinions for any properties in which it has a material interest, there is no guarantee that title to such properties will not be challenged or impugned. The Company has not conducted surveys of the claims in which it holds direct or indirect interests and therefore, the precise area and location of such claims may be in doubt. The Company's claims may be subject to prior unregistered agreements or transfers or native land claims and title may be affected by undetected defects.

MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS For the Period ended September 30, 2011

Foreign Operations

The Company operates in Mexico and has acquired ten mineral properties, through staking and option agreements to acquire interests in mineral claims. The Company is currently engaged in exploration activities on these properties.

Management and Directors

The Company is dependent on a small number of directors and officers and operating personnel in Mexico: Alvin Jackson, Michael McInnis, Gary Nordin, Arthur Freeze, Bahman Yamini, Kerry Spong, Graham Scott and Erme Enriquez. The loss of any of these persons could have an adverse effect on the Company. The Company does not maintain key person insurance on any of its management.

Conflicts of Interest

Certain officers and directors of the Company are officers and/or directors of other natural resource companies that acquire interest in mineral properties. Such associations may give rise to conflicts of interest from time to time. The directors are required by law to act honestly and in good faith with a view to the best interests of the Company and its shareholders. They are also required to disclose any personal interest in any material transaction, which is proposed to be entered into with the company, and to abstain from voting as a director for the approval of any such transaction.

Limited Operating History - Losses

The Company has experienced losses in all years of its operations. There can be no assurance that the Company will operate profitably in the future. As of September 30, 2011, the Company's accumulated deficit was \$15,683,663.

Price Fluctuations and Share Price Volatility

In recent years the securities markets in the United States and Canada have experienced a high level of price and volume volatility. The market price of securities of many mineral exploration companies have experienced wide fluctuations in price, which has not necessarily been related to their operating performance, underlying asset value or prospects. During the quarter, and to the date of this report, the price of the Company's shares fluctuated from a low of \$0.23 to a high of \$0.58 per share. There can be no assurance that continued fluctuations in price will not occur.

Shares Reserved for Future Issuance - Dilution

As at September 30, 2011, a total of 63,174,592 common shares of the Company were issued and outstanding. There were 4,080,000 stock options and 2,743,500 share purchase warrants outstanding pursuant to which additional common shares may be issued in the future, which would result in further dilution to the Company's shareholders and pose a dilutive risk to potential shareholders.

Forward Looking Statements

Certain statements made and information contained in this MD&A and elsewhere constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of the Ontario Securities Act. Forward-looking statements are subject to a variety of risks and uncertainties which could cause actual events or results to differ from those reflected in the forward-looking statements, including, without limitation, risks and uncertainties relating to the interpretation of drill results and the estimation of mineral resources, the geology, grade and continuity of mineral deposits, the possibility that future exploration, development results will not be consistent with the Company's expectations, accidents, equipment breakdowns, title matters and surface access, labour disputes, the potential for delays in exploration activities, the potential for unexpected costs and expenses, commodity price fluctuations, currency fluctuations, failure to obtain adequate financing on a timely basis and other risks and uncertainties, including those described under Risk Factors in each management discussion and analysis. In addition, forward-looking information is based on various assumptions including, without limitation, the expectations and beliefs of management, the assumed long term price of precious and base metals, that the Company will receive required permits and access to surface rights, that the Company can access financing, appropriate equipment, sufficient labour and subcontractors, and that the political environment within the Company's operating jurisdictions will continue to support the development of environmentally safe mining projects. Should one or more of these risks and uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual results may vary materially from those described in forward-looking statements. Accordingly, readers are advised not to place undue reliance on forwardlooking statements.

Approval

The Board of Directors of the Company has approved the disclosure contained in this interim MD&A.

A copy of this MD&A and previously published financial statements and MD&A, as well as other information is available on the SEDAR website at www.sedar.com, and on the Company's website at www.sedar.com, and an other company's website at www.sedar.com, and an other company's website at www.sedar.com, and an other company website at www.sedar.com, and we were a supplementar website at www.sedar.com, and we were a supplementar website at www.sedar.com, and we were a supplementar website at www.sedar.com, and we were a supplementar website at www.sedar.com, and we were a supplementar website at www.sedar.com, and we were a supplementar website at www.sedar.com, and we were a supplementar website at